Semi-Weekly Globe.

WM. LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor.
A. TYHURST, Associate Editor.

TERMS—"THE GLOBE" is published twice a week at $1.50 a year—75 cents for six months—50 cents for three months—in advance.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 5, 1861.

☞ It will be seen by reference to our editorial head, that we have now connected with us in the editorial department of the *Globe*, as Associate Editor, Mr. A. TYHURST, a good practical printer, and a gentleman of considerable talent. WM. LEWIS.

☞ In again mounting the editorial chair, we are fully cognizant of the arduous duties devolving upon an editor, and from what little experience we have had, we at least hope that we are prepared to battle against wrong and for the right, and to surmount all obstacles that may come in our way. We have assisted in preparing the *Globe* for our readers for a number of years, and have always found it to be a pleasant task, and now that we have ascended to the second seat in the editorial chair, we trust that it will be even more pleasant and agreeable than heretofore.

We are pretty well acquainted with the wants and wishes of the patrons of the *Globe*, and it will ever be our earnest desire to satisfy them as far as possible, and hope that our association with Mr. LEWIS will be profitable and agreeable alike to all parties. Having the senior, who has already won for himself an enviable reputation as a public journalist, to guide us, we will endeavor to make the *Globe* even more acceptible to its readers than heretofore, if, indeed, we can, and assure them that we will ever pursue the bold, honest, and upright course adopted by the senior, regardless of the clamorings of corrupt and dishonest demagogues.

To our brethren of the press we extend the hand of fellowship, and hope to merit their applause and esteem in our straightforward career of usefulness.

With these few remarks, we again bow ourself into the chair editorial.

A. TYHURST.

WOOD.—A few loads of good wood will be received in payment of subscription to the *Globe*, if delivered soon.

☞ We have no exciting news from the seat of war, but active preparations are steadily going on, making our vast army more proficient in the art of warfare, which will tell wonderfully when they meet the enemy. As will be seen in our news columns, General Scott, the hero of an hundred battles, has voluntarily retired from active duty, and the young hero of the age, Gen. Geo. B. McClellan, assumes command of our army as Commander-in-chief. The regrets of a nation go with Gen. Scott, but he was becoming too old to be burthened with the responsible duties resting upon him. We have every confidence in General McClellan, and think that he possesses skill and ingenuity enough for the times. It is to be hoped so at all events.

☞ We frequently hear violent party men (and in most instances they are men pretending to be Democrats,) denounce every contract made by the Government, as a party measure—a corrupt effort to swindle the tax-payers. We have no doubt too many contracts are given to dishonest Republicans, but with the evidence before our eyes, we cannot deny that too many Democrats not any more honest than many of the Republicans, are also anxious, and succeed too, in getting their hands dishonestly into the public treasury. If the Administration at Washington could get rid of the corrupt politicians of both parties, the war would come to a close much sooner than we expect it will. We live in hopes, however, that the good work begun of getting rid of all scamps, will soon bring about a more wholesome state of affairs.

☞ The people in the North are almost unanimous in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war—the great majority, that the Rebels may be punished and subdued,—and the minority, that they may have an opportunity of growing fat on the plunder there is in Government contracts, either as principals or subs. True patriotism is found in the breasts of but very few of the hundreds of men who are now *serving their country* as contractors or subs. The man who will cheat the Government in its present unhappy condition, is no better than the secessionist who steals or destroys Government property.

☞ On Thursday afternoon last, four or five companies belonging to the McClellan regiment, paid our town a flying visit, under escort of the patrol guard, commanded by Lieutenant Kochersperger. All the men expect to be uniformed this week, when we expect to receive a visit from all the companies in camp.

MORE HORSES.—Yesterday some two hundred more horses arrived. The inspection is going on to-day, *as usual*, by the gentleman from Lancaster.

The Horse Inspection.

Some eight hundred horses have been inspected here—branded, and now belong to the Government. If they are not already paid for, the inspection should be investigated by the proper officers at Washington, and the rascality connected with it exposed, and the worthless horses returned to the contractor or contractors. To us, and this whole community, it appears from the manner horses have been inspected, that the persons furnishing the horses have had the privilege of selecting the inspectors—the first, Mr. Miller, of Dauphin, excepted. Objections were made to Mr. Miller's inspection by the horse dealers, and he returned home after passing a few of the hundreds on the ground for inspection. Mr. A. Lewis was the next gentleman employed by somebody, and he passed animals more freely than most of the lookers-on thought was just to the Government. But, although his inspection was very liberal towards the dealers, it did not come up to their idea of what it should be, and he was removed, and a Mr. Henry Sherbone, of Lancaster county, arrived here on Thursday last, to discharge the important duties of inspector. During Thursday afternoon and Friday, some hundreds of horses were *inspected*, and branded. Many of them are good for the service purchased for—but many, too many, are not fit for the army, or any other service where more strength or activity than there is in an old muley cow, would be necessary.

It is unpleasant for us to speak of the dishonesty of some of the men who have unfortunately been employed by the Government to purchase horses for the use of the common soldier, who voluntarily offers his services to his country. The best, of course, are selected by the officers, leaving the worst, and many of them worthless, for the common soldier. The inspector who passes a worthless horse, is no more guilty of a wrong to the Government and the soldier, than the principal contractor, or sub-contractor, offering him for inspection, knowing him to be worthless, and we are very sure that *any* honest man, the least competent to judge of the qualities of a horse, purchasing for himself or for the Government, or for any person not a secessionist, would refuse to purchase some of the horses now here feeding at the expense of the Government.—If the horses here already branded, must be paid for by the Government, —by the tax-payers,—money could be saved by immediately selecting from the lot all those suitable for any kind of service in the army and shooting the balance, as every day adds to their cost and nothing to their value.

Senator McClure, of Franklin, we understand, had the contract for furnishing one thousand horses. He was not here. The horses were brought here by sub-contractors—but certainly Mr. McClure can be held responsible for the rascality practised on the Government and the tax-payers. We do not know who of the sub-contractors offered the worthless horses—we only know that there were a large number offered, *inspected*, and turned over to the Government.

As we do not wish to do any man an injustice, our columns are open to any of the persons furnishing horses or connected with the inspection, for an explanation of what seems to us to be a dishonest transaction.

We are assured by several persons that the best lot of horses offered for inspection, was brought on the ground on Friday, by Mr. John Porter, jr., of Alexandria. Five of the twenty offered were immediately selected by officers. We are also informed by a good judge, that Mr. Lusk, of Harrisburg, offered a hundred head of good horses, and all passed inspection.

THE FRESHET.—The heavy and continuous rain during Saturday and Saturday night filled the Juniata and tributaries to overflowing. The Juniata continued to rise until near noon on Sunday, when it commenced to fall. Large quantities of wood, rails, pumpkins, &c., passed down the stream. Very little damage, other than overflowing cellars in the upper end of town, and the gardens in Portstown, was done in this immediate neighborhood. The Raystown Branch, we are informed, was higher than it has been for ten years. The destruction of fences and the loss of corn was very great all along the stream. We hear of several farmers who lost from two to eight hundred bushels of corn. During Saturday a heavy storm took off a part of the roof of the new church on the ridges in Henderson township, and also destroyed many fruit trees. The canal, we fear, has been so badly injured between this place and Harrisburg, that navigation will be closed for this season.

COURT NEXT WEEK.—We appeal in earnest to those of our friends in arrears for subscription, advertising and job work, to give us some assistance next week and the week following, either personally or by the hands of a neighbor coming to town.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.—All ladies desirous of assisting in the preparation of a box for the use of our sick and wounded at Washington, are invited to meet at Mrs. Hartley's to-morrow afternoon (Wednesday) at two o'clock.

☞ In their proper place will be found two letters from our boys in the army. They are interesting, and we invite D. H. L. and Capt. McCabe, to let us here from them often, as their letters are eagerly read by their friends at home. Also, to "Plus," whose letter we published last week, we say, write soon again. It gives us pleasure to publish such letters. Don't forget us and we will not forget you.

DEATH OF GEN. SAM HOUSTON.—Late Southern news informs us of the death of Gen. Sam Houston, of Texas. At the commencement of the present rebellion he was bitterly opposed to Secession, but the latest authoritative exposition of his views that has reached the North, intimated that he had been unable to resist the pressure of the conspirators, and that recently he had become an advocate of their infamous cause.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.—Capt. Alex. M. Lloyd, of Hollidaysburg, has been appointed by the Government, Commissary for Mountain Brigade, and he is now at his post discharging the duties of the office. Capt. Lloyd had a company of three month volunteers in the command of Gen. Patterson.

A NEW STORE.—Our good looking young bachelor friend, A. B. Cunningham, has just opened a new store in Bricker's large room on Main street, in the upper end of town. 'Aleck' ought to do a good business, and we hope he may. Everybody will go to see his new goods.

☞ Mr. Simon White has our thanks for three large sweet pumpkins. Ditto, our neighbor Dr. Dorsey, for a mammoth pumpkin. We are "some" on a pumpkin pie, and we are glad that our friends know it.

NOTICE.—All Bills made by Quarter-Master of Mountain Brigade will be returned to the Office of Head-Quarters at Huntingdon, immediately.

IRA C. MITCHELL,
Per J. M. KEPHEART, *Qr. Master.*
November 4, 1861–2t.

NOTICE.—All checks issued by the Sattler of the McClellan Regiment, will only be redeemed from soldiers of the Regiment.

K. THALHEIMER, *Sattler.*
Huntingdon, Nov. 5, 1861–2t.

FULL OF LIFE.—Our town has been very lively for several days. Besides the soldiers, a large number of strangers are continually arriving and departing.

OUR CORRESPONDENCE.

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 4, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—Yesterday morning our town was thrown into an excitement by the sudden rise in the river at this place. Every person in the lower street was busily engaged in getting things out of their cellars, although a great deal of damage was done to them. Fences along the river were washed away. Gen. McGill lost considerable in the way of flasks, lumber, &c. The streets were overflowed with water, and everything indicated the coming of a big flood, but at about 10 o'clock, A. M., the water began to recede.

ACCIDENT.—About 3 o'clock, A. M., Mr. Wm. D. Shaw awoke up and starting for his stable to save his cattle and hogs, and stepping on a slippery plank fell and broke his thigh, which is very painful. As he is advanced in years, it will set very hard on him.

Considerable damage is done to the canal. Hatfield's Rolling Mill and other works suffered severely, but we have not learned the extent of damage.

If any thing more of importance comes up, you shall hear from

Yours, MARCUS.

Our Army Correspondence.

CAMP GRIFFIN, VA., Oct. 30, 1861.

MR. WM. LEWIS—*Dear Sir*:—Having been requested by several friends to communicate with one of the Huntingdon papers, and having received a package of envelopes from persons in your town, who feel interested in the 49th, to cover any such communications, I beg room in your columns, from time to time, to inform the public of the movements, whereabouts and condition of the regiment.

We left Camp Curtin on the 20th of September for Washington, where we arrived on the 21st, and camped about a mile N. W. of the capitol, at a spot which Col. Irwin named Camp Juniata. We remained there until the 26th when we took the road through Washington and Georgetown to the Potomac, then up the river to the Chain Bridge, which we passed just at dark, and camped three quarters of a mile from the river, and a few hundred yards south of the Leesburg Turnpike. It was pitchy dark when we arrived at our camping ground, and the wagons were behind with tents and knapsacks, so that we must either get the wagons forward, or sleep without tents or blankets. The colonel called for volunteers to go back, and a party was soon organized under Capt. Miles, but just as they were taking the road, a messenger arrived to inform us that the first two wagons had upset together in such a position, that the others could not get pass. Any other regiment, with any other officers, would have been discouraged at this, as rain was falling, and the ground very wet, but the Colonel ordered a dilapidated out-building to be torn down, and the dry logs thus procured, made roaring fires, which soon dried the ground and restored to the boys all their wonted cheerfulness. A considerable number took up their quarters in a deserted building, and among them the field officers, but there was no effort on their part, to secure the warm corner or the softest plank to lie on. All fared alike, and I dare say, if any one had needed, or *wished*, the place of Lieut. Colonel Brisbane or Major Huling, he could have had it for the asking. Colonel Irwin, however, was not satisfied with the information concerning the wagons; but mounted his horse, and attended by Quartermaster Mitchell, rode back through a driving rain, over stumps and stones, and through ravines and swamps, to hurry them in. He made himself a bed by arranging two poles so as to keep his body out of the mud, and after sleeping a few hours, brought in the baggage at an early hour the next morning.

We remained there until the 29th, when we moved three miles further towards Falls Church, to Vanderwerken, where we remained until Oct. 9th, when we marched back to the Turnpike at Fort Smith, and out to our present position, stopping twice on the way to support a battery which accompanied us. We arrived here about 9 P. M., and at once occupied the trenches, where we remained till morning, when our baggage arrived, and we laid out our town, and put up our houses.

Our position is two and a half miles N. W. of Miner's Hill, one mile N. E. of Lowinsville, five miles from Chain Bridge, and one mile south of the Leesburg Turnpike. We have been in the advance ever since we came into Virginia, which is no small honor, and excites considerable surprise; however, considering the character and experience of our Colonel, and the material his regiment is composed of, it should cause no wonder when such men as command the armies of the United States, exhibit confidence in the 49th. One thing has somewhat *surprised me; that our camps, with* one exception, have faced towards the south, and our line of battle has invariably faced in the same direction.—This may be intentional on the part of the officers, but whether it be so or not, *we* will interpret it to mean that the 49th will never turn their backs to an enemy. Gen. Hancock has told us that in case of an engagement this regiment shall lead the Brigade, so you may expect to hear of the Rebels doing some good running with the 49th close at their heels.

This is the only Penna. regiment in the Division, and as officers and men all have the honor of their native State at heart, we are determined to make it second to no other. Indeed, if *perfectly clean streets* and quarters, clean clothes and arms, and a soldierly politeness on the part of the men towards the officers, and a genial return of the same by the latter, be made the criterian, the 49th must certainly rank No. 1. On Monday General Hancock made a tour of all the camps, visiting ours last. He called at Head-quarters and congratulated the Colonel on the perfect order and cleanliness everywhere displayed, and remarked that they were the best kept quarters he had seen. Yesterday he sent a party headed by Col. Rankin, and composed of the *elite* of Washington, who were dining at his Head-quarters, to visit us and see for themselves; they were surprised, notwithstanding all they had heard, *and unanimously* pronounced it the "cleanest and best camp this side the Potomac." They all expressed their astonishment and admiration, when Col. Irwin informed them that there had not been a single collision among the men, since the regiment was organized. This may appear strange to some of your readers, but it is the case, nevertheless, the reason is, that the 49th is composed of the best material.

The Colonel takes a deep interest in whatever relates to our welfare, and no soldier can be too mean, or no complaint too trivial to be heard patiently. He corrects officers and men, all alike; kindly, if that will do, if not, then sharply. All love and respect him, and if he leads the charge, they "will clear the ground."

On Saturday we had a *grand* review. I think there were twelve regiments of Infantry, 1 of Cavalry, and 1 of Artillery present. The display was splendid, and our regiment was pronounced first in the Brigade, and second in the Division; however, the one that beat us, has been organized several months, and has been drilling while we have been cutting timber and making roads. Wait three months, and if the 49th is behind them in anything, say that your correspondent is not reliable.

The health of the Regiment (thanks to the care of the officers, and the experience of the surgeons) has been good. The hospital has contained but few patients, and there has been no deaths, so that the stories in circulation in your neighborhood about the deaths of several, are entirely untrue, and their friends have no cause for uneasiness.

I cannot close without a word about Charley Harris, of your town. He has become a fixture, and essentially a part and parcel of the 49th. If a *state* dinner is to be cooked, or a *select* party to be entertained, Charley's services appear indispensible, and, indeed, it appears sometimes as if he was the only person capable of properly preparing a meal. Hoping I may not weary you or your readers with my long epistle,

I am as ever, D. H. L.

POINT OF ROCKS, MD. Nov. 1, '61.

MR. WM. LEWIS—*Dear Sir:*—Your paper came safely to our camp this evening; it is a welcome visitor. I am thankful to you for so kindly refuting the slanderous reports, got up by none but disunion persons, against my company. You may depend if my company meets the enemies of our Union in battle, and should be so unfortunate as to be cut to pieces, I won't be left to go home with two or three members. Where my company goes, I will go, and if they fall, I fall with them. But we fight under a Colonel who knows no defeat, and who leads us to victory in *every* instance, and you may depend when the 28th Regiment goes *into battle, victory* will rest on her banner. The day after Col. Baker's defeat, the 28th was on the ground at Edwards' Ferry before daylight, ready for orders to cross.—Our place had been assigned us, viz.: in front of the whole division of Gen'l Banks' column. To it would have been given the honor of revenging the brave men who were so cruelly slaughtered 12 hours before. But the General commanding thought best to send all the troops to their former encampments, and it was with heartfelt sorrow our brave men returned. I can assure you if ever this regiment gets a chance, the rebels will pay dearly for that day.

This evening Edwin McCabe and Harry Dambuskey crossed the Potomac in a small boat and went within 200 yards of a rebel camp. They took a good horse and brought him safely to this side. Our boys are at that kind of work every day. I myself, have taken $27,000 worth of arms from "secesheers" in this neighborhood, and on Monday night last I captured, with the assistance of two of my men, a rebel together with his horse, saddle and bridle. The rebel I have in the guard-house, and his horse I use for riding. Company O has done as much service for the length of time they have been in the field, as any company that I know about, and the 28th regiment has as good a name as any you hear of. My company has the honor to be the third company in the 1st Battalion of that regiment. I cannot send you any particular news to-day. All seems quiet over the river. We can see the rebels drilling, and hear them beating their drums. I hope to visit your town some time this month, if nothing particular should turn up.—My best wishes to all my friends.

Truly yours, G. F. McC.

WAR NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

From the Lower Potomac.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—A new battery of rifled cannon, three in number, has been discovered about a mile and a half below any that have been here-*tofore fired on in the Lower Potomac.* It is situated a little below a new brick house not far from the wharf at Evansport.

A few days ago the rebels sent a small boat from Quantico creek over toward Budd's Ferry, having a flag of truce. When she had approached within two or three hundred yards of the Maryland shore, a barrel with something attached to it was thrown overboard and the boat immediately turned and put back to the Virginia shore. The barrel was supposed to contain an infernal machine.

A letter received to-day from Darnestown says that the rebels now picket Harrison's Island and that reliable intelligence from Leesburg gives information that on Tuesday succeeding the fight at Ball's Bluff the rebels withdrew their forces from Leesburg on our troops being thrown over at Edward's Ferry, leaving only a few battalions to keep up appearances and watch our movements. They subsequently took away all their supplies and were at the latest accounts resting on Goose Creek, seven miles south of Leesburg.

A foraging expedition was dispatched to Shroud's farm, four miles northwest from Fall's Church. A picket was here captured and sent to head-quarters, and voluntarily disclosed the fact that the rebel pickets were stationed a short distance from the farm. Capt. Norton accomplished the object of his mission.

The prisoner's name is C. R. Bell, a private of company C, Sixth regiment Louisiana volunteers, commanded by Col. Seymour, editor of the New Orleans *Commercial Bulletin.* The regiment is a portion of General Mather's Louisiana Brigade. Around Centreville, he states that there is a continuous range of rebel camps, including sixty thousand Virginians under Gustavus W. Smith, and an equal number of North Carolinians and Louisianians. Some fifteen thousand troops are at Manassas. Beauregard's head-quarters was but half a mile from Centreville.

A new regiment of cavalry from North Carolina, had arrived, and was well equipped. Stewart's Cavalry was to the left of Centreville, Rodeford's to the right. Latham and Kemer's Artillery were under Smith's command. The rebels are confident one thousand men could not dislodge them. On Monday last his regiment came to Hunter's Mills, two miles northwest, in Virginia, to do picket duty there, relieving a Virginia regiment. The retreat from Fairfax by the rebels was caused by a belief that the "Yankees" were coming upon them. His statement is not much credited.

It is reported that two schooners, laden with hay and other Government stores, were captured by the rebels yesterday. They attempted to run the blockade. A gentleman, who *came up from Port Tobacco this morning*, reports that the rebels occasionally fire at the men who are working on the fortifications now being thrown up by Gen. Sickles and Gen. Hooker. Sometimes the shot pass inland half a mile. At other times they fall short. It is believed now that communication with the rebels from the Maryland shore is entirely cut off. It appears that the rebels are strengthening their old batteries and erecting new ones all along the Virginia shore. The large body of rebels who were encamped in the vicinity of Fairfax, it is thought, have been sent down to strengthen these batteries. They, no doubt, are in dread of an attack by land and water.

A reconnoissance was made yesterday by Gen. Sickles and staff, accompanied by a squad of Indiana cavalry, along the shore of the Potomac, about forty miles below Washington, when they were fired at by a battery on the Virginia shore. One of the shots fell short, and another passed over them.

To-day the pickets of General Wadsworth captured a private of a South Carolina regiment about three miles from Fall's Church.

There seems to be no doubt that the rebels have a large number of flat-boats at Occoquan creek, manufactured at Fredericksburg, and designed for crossing the Potomac.

Accounts received from along the line of the Potomac, from Lewinsville to Alexandria, represent everything quiet. Reconnoissances were made yesterday afternoon, which prove very conclusively that the rebel forces are being withdrawn to Centreville and the vicinity of Manassas Junction.

Movements of the Enemy.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—General McClellan has, through means not made public, informed himself very minutely of the movements of the enemy, the number and strength of their batteries at and in the vicinity of Manassas Junction, the number of guns they have mounted, and the strength of their army. He is guided in his operations by a full knowledge of all their important movements.

The Army To-day.

Gen. McClellan with his staff and body-guard, now increased to two hundred, went over the river to-day to attend a review and drill of a large division of the army on Hall's Hill.—The army is now, (noon,) drilling with blank cartridge along the lines.

Gen. McClellan is closely inspecting the clothing of the soldiers, and causing each regiment, company and man to be provided with comfortable winter shirts.

Paying Off the Army.

The paymasters have commenced their labors, and to-day thousands of soldiers will be paid off in full up to this date. Paymasters are prompt excepting where delays are caused by errors in the pay-rolls sent in from the regiments.

The Pennsylvania Reserves.

Gen. McCall's division of Pennsylvania Reserves are at their old quarters beyond Langley's Church. The troops are in a fine condition, and extremely healthy.

News and Gossip.

There is no indication of a forward movement of the army for some days. Preparations are still going forward on an immense scale, and before the tenth of this month they will all be thoroughly completed.

The rebels are again showing themselves on the outer line of our pickets. Yesterday afternoon about 2,000 of rebel cavalry were discovered by a reconnoitring party within four miles of our lines. Yet still this shows that the bulk of the rebel forces have fallen back to what they consider an impregnable position, Manassas Junction and Gap. These are their strongholds between here and Richmond, but before Christmas-day they will not only be occupied by our troops, but the headquarters of our advance guard will be in the city of Richmond.

Affairs at Washington and Vicinity.

Departure of General Scott for New York.—Stirring Times on the Lower Potomac.—The Page Shelted by Sickles' Artillery.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Lieut. Gen. Scott left here this morning in a special train for New York. He goes from Baltimore via Harrisburg, the object being to make his journey as private and free from excitement as possible.

News from the Lower Potomac reached here to-day, of an interesting character,

Last night a field battery attached to the brigade of Gen. Sickles, fired from the Maryland shore on the rebel steamer George Page, lying in Quantico Creek, two miles off. Several shells exploded over her, and one hit her, causing a speedy evacuation of her crew.

The rebel batteries on the Virginia side returned the fire briskly, throwing shot and shell clear to the Maryland shore, but no damage is reported.

Yesterday the rebels opened a new battery on the river, and celebrated the raising of two mammoth rebel flags.

There seems to be but little doubt that nearly a week ago a special messenger left Washington with a letter to General Fremont, ordering him to transfer his command to General Hunter, until a successor shall be specially designated.

From the Lower Potomac.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The steamer Resolute came up to the Navy Yard last night. One of the batteries on the Maryland shore has been completed, and the range of some of our 32-pounder Parrot guns was tried on the rebel steamer Geo. Page yesterday. Three shots struck her, with what effect is not known, as the water being very high she was enabled to run up Quantico creek out of range.

The regular hospital, erected by Congress several years ago, and one of the finest buildings in the city, was burned to the ground this morning. Between eighty and ninety patients were safely removed to the City Hall. The loss at this time is very great.

No intelligence whatever concerning the fleet has reached here.

FROM MISSOURI

Gen. Fremont's Advance Force Beyond Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Oct. 29.—The total number of killed, wounded, and missing of the body-guard is 51.

The killed and wounded of the rebels, according to their own account, numbers 80.

The Home Guard appear to have come out strongly of late. They captured and brought back Major White, who was a prisoner, and the fourteen rebels who were taking him to Gen. Price's camp. Last night about twenty of them charged on Lieut. Col. John H. Price and twelve other rebels, killing one of them twelve miles south of here, and bringing all the rest in, and they are now prisoners in our camp.

The rear divisions of our army are coming up to us by forced marches.—General Pope and Gen. Hunter's commands are expected here this evening, and Gen. McKinstry's to-morrow.—All our troops are in the best of spirits, and full of enthusiasm.

Gen. Fremont has taken possession of the flouring mill in this county, and is rapidly gathering supplies for the army.

Gen. Price is near the Arkansas line. It is doubtful whether he will give us battle.

The rebel officers thought that the body-guard that made the attack upon them was 2,500 strong, and on their retreat swore at their men for acting like a pack of cowards. We got about sixty of their muskets, which they dropped in their flight.

Our advance is at Ozark, fifteen miles south of Springfield.

Fifteen of the body-guard were buried yesterday afternoon with military honors. The Burton Cadets, Holman's Sharpshooters, General Fremont and staff, all the surviving and unwounded guards, and a large number of citizens, both male and female, followed in the procession. The bodies were buried in one grave, into which Gen. Fremont cast the first earth.

Release of the Gallant Col. Mulligan.

JEFFERSON CITY, Nov. 1.—Passengers from the West report that Col. Mulligan, the hero of Lexington, has been released by Gen. Price. He was seen at Warrensburg to-day, on his way to Lexington to bring away a child he had left there.

This release indicates that the commission sent from St. Louis some days since to effect the exchange of Colonels Mulligan and Peabody and Maj. Vanhorn for Gen. Frost, Col. Bowen, and Major Williams, who were captured at Camp Jackson, has been successful.

A Prize at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—The British brig Ariel arrived at this port this morning, in charge of a prize crew.—She was from Liverpool bound to Charleston, with a cargo of 2485 sacks of salt. She was captured off the Frying Pan Shoals, while trying to run the blockade of Charleston, by the U. S. Gunboat Gemsbok.

The War in Western Virginia.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 4.—The *Gazette* has received the following despatch:

GALLIPOLIS, OHIO, Nov. 2.—The rebels under Floyd opened fire on Gen. Rosecrans's forces yesterday morning from two points, opposite Gauley Bridge and Camp Tompkins.

The telegraph office and Quartermaster's store were, no doubt, destroyed.

When my informant left Gauley yesterday, their shells were aimed at the ferry boats and the buildings above named.

The enemy has heavy guns and a large body of infantry.

Gen. Floyd's force opposite Camp Tompkins, are not less than 4,000, but how many at Gauley bridge, four miles this side, is not known. The telegraphic communication by the Kanawha line is interrupted, and the casualties cannot be ascertained.

There has been no communication with Gen. Rosecrans's headquarters since Friday afternoon. The operator at Camp Tompkins at that time reported fighting going on at Gauley, but gave no particulars, and immediately afterwards the line broke.

The Destitution in the South.

A correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* says:

Whatever may be the facts in regard to the supply of the necessaries of life in the more Northern States of the Confederacy, there is little doubt that much suffering is occasioned in the Gulf States from the scarcity and high prices of food of every kind. An instance told me by a Nashville gentleman will illustrate this better than I can describe it. Joseph A. Acklin, of Nashville, has three large plantations in Louisiana, on which he has 2,000 negroes, engaged mainly in growing and crushing sugar. For two months past he has had these hands on half rations. Full rations in the South consist of but little meat and plenty of molasses and sugar. Half rations, you can easily imagine, would be far from sufficient, when the half rations have to consist of salt meat at that. As a consequence, his slaves have been killing the hogs, cattle, poultry, &c., of Mr. Acklin, and dividing the fresh meat among themselves. Mr. Acklin ordered his overseers to flog all guilty of such thefts until the depredations ceased. The orders were followed till lately, when the overseers declined to flog any more, stating, as a reason, that the negroes, determined and resolute, had stood by each other in a resolve to take no more floggings, and to steal meat when it was not given to them. The overseers considered it no longer safe to flog them, and desisted. Mr. Acklin advised them to let the negroes steal as much as they wanted, trusting to luck to weather the storm. Such a spirit among the slaves is greatly to be feared in a country originally with a small population, and now almost devoid of white residents. A gentleman lately told me that in parts of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Georgia, he had ridden for miles and miles without encountering any white persons, except unprotected females and children. To the inquiry, "Where are all your men?" came the common reply—"Gone to fight the Yankees." It is the rural districts, and not the cities, which are doing the fighting for the South.

BUYING HAY.—We have been much pleased with the course of Gen. Cameron in stopping the exorbitant charges of certain speculators at Washington. Unless some of our officers are greatly belied, vast sums of money have been spent, very unnecessarily, in paying high prices for every sort of article purchased for the army in that portion of the enemy's country through which our troops have passed. This has proceeded sometimes from an amiable disposition to show that the Government was paternal and not oppressive, and sometimes from a culpable weakness, which allowed itself to be imposed upon for want of moral courage to resist

In Washington recently, it is said, certain speculators bought up all the hay that was to be had and refused to part with it except at high prices.—After several attempts at negotiation, avarice still holding out against decency and propriety, the Secretary of War ordered the hay to be seized in as large quantities as was needed, and then assessing it at the fair market value of forage, directed so much and no more to be paid to the owners.

We hope to see this example followed. There has been *too* much disposition to prey upon the Government.—A little skill, common sense and moral courage would save millions of dollars and, at the same time, keep up the *morale* of the nation.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

A Mother's Address to her Son at War.

AIR—DAYS OF ABSENCE.

My dear Son, you cannot tell,
The feelings of my heart so well;
My thoughts on you are every day,
Since your Regiment marched away.

I hope to see you home once more,
But not until the wars are o'er;
And do not fill a coward's grave,
Rather die a soldier brave.

Here's my heart and here's my hand,
That for your country you should stand;
And let your mother ever see,
Her Son has fought for liberty.

And now my Son so fare-thee-well,
And let your service nobly tell;
And should you fall among the slain,
Then in heaven we'll meet again.

When duty calls we must obey,
Though from our friends we're torn away;
And if we die our place will be,
Under the Flag of Liberty.

☞ The planting of cotton is being prosecuted in Jamaica with the utmost vigor, and a large number of emigrants are shipped to Queensland, the newly opened Province in Australia, which is so favorably situated for the growth of the finer qualities of this plant.

MILITARY BOOKS.

REVISED ARMY REGULATIONS.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

The book is an octavo of 560 pages, is elegantly printed on fine paper, with new bold type, and has an *admirable exhaustive index*, for which every officer will be grateful, the moment his eye rests upon it, as no former edition has ever had an index, and the want of one has been long felt in the Army.

The Appendix embraces the Articles of War, containing many important corrections; also, selections from the Military Acts of Congress, including those passed at the last session.

PRICE $2, 00. FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

CAVALRY TACTICS,

[*AUTHORIZED EDITION.*]

By Major William Gilham, U. S. A,

Just published and for sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.—Complete in one volume. Price $1.00.

UNITED STATES INFANTRY TACTICS.

For the instruction, exercise, and manœuvres of the United States Infantry, including Infantry of the Line, Light Infantry, and Rifle*men*, prepared under the direction of the War Department, and authorized and adopted by the Secretary of War, May 1st, 1861, containing the school of the *soldier*; the school of the *company*; instruction for skirmishers, and the general calls; the calls for skirmishers, and the school of the battalion; including the articles of war and a dictionary of military terms.

Complete in one volume. Price $1.25. For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

ALSO,

THE HANDY BOOK

FOR THE

UNITED STATES SOLDIER,

On coming into service; containing a complete system of instruction in the School of the Soldier, with a preliminary explanation of the formation of a Battalion on Parade, the Position of the officers, &c., &c., being a first book or introduction to authorized U. S. Infantry Tactics, just published. Price 25 cents. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

ALSO,

Hardee's Rifle and Light Infantry TACTICS,

Complete in 2 vols. Price $1.50. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

☞ The Books sent by mail to any address on the receipt of the price.

Huntingdon May 28, 1861.

REMEMBER ELLSWORTH?

FISHER & SON

HAVE

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

NEW GOODS.

THE PUBLIC ARE INVITED TO CALL

and

EXAMINE OUR GOODS.

FISHER & SON.

Oct. 7, 1861.

1861. CLOTHING. 1861.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

FALL AND WINTER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon. [Oct. 7, 1861.]

TREES, &C.,

FOR THE AUTUMN OF 1861,

AT LOW PRICES.

The subscribers invite attention to their large and well grown stock of *Fruit Trees*, consisting of apple, pear, peach, cherry, plum, apricot, quince, &c., &c. Dwarf pear, apple and cherry trees. Also, the small fruits, such as grapes, currants, gooseberries, raspberries, blackberries, and strawberries of the most desirable sorts. Also, a large stock of evergreen and shade trees.

They will sell at *prices much below usual rates*, and offer great inducements to plant largely.

TAYLOR & CREMER.

Huntingdon, Oct. 17, 1861.

ANCIENT JERUSALEM,

A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL

ISOMETRICAL PICTURE

OF

JERUSALEM

And the Sacred Places Surrounding the HOLY CITY,

AS THEY APPEARED IN ANCIENT TIMES.

The above work is commended to the favorable notice of clergymen, and those having charge of Sunday-schools, Bible-classes, and public institutions.

It is about 9 feet long and 6 feet wide, colored and varnished, and mounted on canvas with rollers.

It has been constructed from the most reliable and authentic sources, and will be found an invaluable aid to those engaged in lecturing on the Holy Land, or in imparting instruction to school classes on the subject to which it refers.

It aims to give an exact idea of the city as it appeared in ancient times. It is taken as a "bird's eye" or "balloon" view, the beholder being, in imagination, placed at a considerable elevation, so as to take a comprehensive view of the city and the whole country for some distance around.

The view is accompanied with an Outline Key, in which the different localities are numbered, and a Descriptive Manual containing all the information necessary to enable one to use the view to advantage in teaching or lecturing.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL TIMES,

This is a Weekly Religious Paper, published at the very low price of ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. It is designed for *Parents, Teachers*, and all who are engaged or interested in the religious training of the young. It is also an excellent Family Paper.

A portion of the *Sunday-School Times* is occupied with Narratives and other matter particularly interesting to *young persons*. Teachers will find in it much that they will like to read to their classes—interesting matter prepared to their hands, and such as they cannot find elsewhere. For the same reasons, members of Bible-classes, and the older scholars generally, will be greatly benefited by the perusal of this paper.

The *Sunday-School Times* has every week a report of the choicest matter, selected from the Noon Prayer Meetings, which are so interesting to all classes of Christians.

Besides a large amount of general religious intelligence, the *Sunday-School Times* contains all the most recent Sunday-school news. It reports all the important Conventions of Sunday-school teachers. It discusses the questions which most interest and perplex teachers and parents, respecting the various methods of Religious Training for the young, the means of gaining the attention and affections of children, and especially of securing their conversion and bringing them to Christ. The subject of Mission-Schools for cities, and of Sunday-school missionary work for the interior, is thoroughly canvassed. Indeed, there is hardly a topic of practical importance to any who are interested in the subject of religious education, which is not here brought under consideration from week to week.

The conductors of this paper endeavor to remember that the great end of all Christian effort is *to bring men to Christ*. They aim accordingly, to put into every number of the paper something which shall have for its direct object the conversion of souls.

SPECIAL OFFER.

The proprietors of the *Sunday-School Times* have secured the exclusive right of sale of the splendid work mentioned above, the MAP OF ANCIENT JERUSALEM, offer it as a special premium to those actual friends, teachers, or others, who will assist in getting new subscribers to the paper.

We offer this superb premium to any one who will send us the names of 12 new subscribers and $12 in cash.

CAUTION.

☞ In every case, before beginning to canvass, be sure to write to us and obtain the necessary documents and instructions. These will help you greatly in prosecuting the work, and will save you many mistakes. Enclose 5 cents to pay postage. Address

PROPRIETORS OF THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL TIMES,

148 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

N. B.—Specimens of the *Sunday-School Times*, and a copy of the Map of *Ancient* Jerusalem, may be seen at the Bookstore of WM. LEWIS, Huntingdon.

April 10, 1861.-tf.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

[*Estate of Benjamin Oswalt, dec'd.*]

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Benjamin Oswalt, late of Juniata township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment.

JOHN OSWALT,

Oct. 3, 1861-6t* Administrator.

NEW NATIONAL LOAN.

Seven and Three-Tenths Per Cent.

TREASURY NOTES,

NOW READY FOR DELIVERY AT THE OFFICE

OF

JAY COOKE & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 114 South Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Pursuant to instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, the Subscription Book to the NEW NATIONAL LOAN of Treasury Notes, bearing interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum, will remain open at my office,

NO. 114 S. THIRD STREET,

until further notice, from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M., and on *Mondays till 9 P. M.*

These notes will be of the denomination of FIFTY DOLLARS, ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, and are all dated 10th of August, 1861, payable in gold, in three years, or convertible into a twenty years' six per cent. loan, at the option of the holder. Each Treasury Note has interest coupons attached, which can be cut off and collected in gold at the Mint every six months, and at the rate of one cent per day on each fifty dollars.

Payments of subscriptions may be made in Gold or Checks, or Notes of any of the Philadelphia Banks.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE can remit by their friends through the mail, or by express, or through Banks, and the Treasury Notes will be immediately delivered, or sent to each subscriber as they may severally direct.

Parties remitting must add the interest from 10th of August, the date of all the notes, to the day the remittance reaches Philadelphia, at the rate of one cent per day on each fifty dollars.

Apply to or address

JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,

Care of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers,

No. 114 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Oct. 7, 1861.

A BATTLE FOUGHT!!!

AND

A BRILLIANT VICTORY WON.

ADJUTANT GEN. LEWIS;

After a severe engagement which lasted for nearly four days, I have at last routed the enemy and captured a large number of Guns, Revolvers, Bowie Knives, and a great quantity of camp equipage, and other valuable articles which I immediately shipped by railroad from the field of action, and now numerous

HIGH PRICES DEFEATED.

On opening and examining the valuables captured, they were found to comprise such an endless variety of Hardware and Cutlery of every kind, that I can supply the people of all ages and classes; even from a toy for an infant to a supporting cane for the feeble old man. Boys or girls, Ladies or Ladies, Soldiers or Citizens, Housekeepers or Boarders, Farmers or Mechanics, Lawyers or Doctors, anybody and everybody may be furnished with a useful memento of this eventful battle by calling at the Hardware Store of

JAS. A. BROWN.

Huntingdon, Oct. 1, 1861.

THE WAR GOES ON!

AND

D. P. GWIN

HAS JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

NEW GOODS

FOR

FALL AND WINTER.

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

Oct. 3, 1861.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A NEW ARRIVAL.

GEORGE SHAFFER

Has just received a new stock of Boots & Shoes, which he will be pleased to have examined by the public generally. His assortment consists of Boots and Shoes of all kinds for Gentlemen and Ladies, made in the best manner.

He also continues to manufacture to order all kinds of Boots and Shoes, and returns thanks for the patronage he has heretofore received, and hopes to merit a continuance of the same.

His shop is in the Diamond, one door east of Strous' Store, where the public will please call.

Huntingdon, Oct. 1, 1861-tf.

CLOTHE YOURSELVES!

HIGH PRICES DEFEATED!

Now is the Time to buy Cheap Clothing!

MANUAL GUTMAN,

Respectfully inform the public generally that he has just received a large and well selected stock of fashionable

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

to which he asks the attention of all who are in want of a neat and comfortable Coat, a Vest or a pair of Pants.—His stock will bear examination, and he respectfully requests all to call and see for themselves.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

A good assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.,

will also be found on hand. All of which will be sold as low, if not lower, than the same quality of goods can be had in the country.

Call at the corner of the Diamond, Long's new building.

M. GUTMAN.

Huntingdon, Sept. 19, 1861.

"THE UNION,"

Arch Street, Above Third, Philada.

UPTON S. NEWCOMER, Proprietor.

☞ This Hotel is central, convenient by Passenger Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the business public.

☞ Terms, $1.50 per day.

Sept. 10, 1861.-1y.

WASHINGTON NOT TAKEN!!

OUR FLAG STILL WAVES.

NEW GOODS!! NEW GOODS!!!

At Coffee Run Station, and Newberry.

SIMON COHN has just received from the Eastern Cities, a large assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Clothing, Bonnets, Shawls, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

and all other articles kept in country stores, which he is offering at his Mammoth Stores, at Coffee Run Station and Newberry, at unusually low prices. The ladies especially, are invited to call and examine his Fancy Goods.

Having arrangements with large firms in Philadelphia and other eastern cities, he is able to buy his goods cheaper than other country merchants, and can consequently, undersell *them!* In exchange for goods, he takes all kinds of country produce at the highest cash prices. By strict attention to the wants of customers, he hopes to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which he has been heretofore favored.

Mr. Cohn is Agent of the Broad Top R. R. Co., at Coffee Run Station, and is prepared to ship all kinds of Grain to the Eastern markets. Having a large Ware Room, farmers can store with him until ready to ship. Every convenience will be afforded them.

August 29, 1861.

TREES! TREES! TREES!

THE undersigned invite attention to their large and well grown stock of

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

Shrubs, &c., embracing a large and complete assortment of APPLES, PEARS, PEACHES, PLUMS, CHERRIES, and NECTARINES, Standard for the Orchard, and Dwarf for the garden.

ENGLISH WALNUTS, SPANISH CHESTNUTS, HAZELNUTS, &c. RASPBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, CURRANTS and GOOSEBERRIES, in great variety.

Grapes of Choicest Kinds, Asparagus, Rhubarb, &c., &c.

Also a fine stock of well formed, bushy EVERGREENS, suitable for the Cemetery and Lawn.

DECIDUOUS TREES,

for street planting and a general assortment of

Ornamental Trees & Flowering Shrubs

ROSES of choice varieties, CAMELLIAS, BEDDING PLANTS, &c., &c., &c.

Our stock is remarkably thrifty and fine, and we offer it at prices to suit the times.

☞ Catalogues mailed to all applicants.

Address, EDWARD J. EVANS & CO.,

Central Nurseries, York, Pa.

Sept. 12, 1861.-3m.

FRESH OYSTERS

ALWAYS ON HAND

AT THE

"UNION RESTAURANT,"

OPPOSITE THE EXCHANGE HOTEL.

Families and parties supplied on short notice.

Call at the "Union Restaurant," if you want a plate of good Oysters. CONPER.

Huntingdon, Oct. 15, 1861.

WINDOW SHADES,

CORDS,

TASSELS, &C.,

and BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

A handsome assortment just received and for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

FANCY FURS, FANCY FURS.

JOHN FARRIRA,

718 ARCH Street, between 7th and 8th Sts.,

(*Late of 818 Market St.,*)

Philadelphia.

Importer & Manufacturer of, and Dealer in all kinds of FANCY FURS, for Ladies' Misses' and Children's Wear.

Having now manufactured and in store my usual large and beautiful assortment of all the various styles and qualities of FURS, adapted to the coming Fall and Winter Season, I would respectively invite an examination of my stock and prices from those intending to purchase, as I am enabled to offer them very desirable inducements.

All my Furs have been purchased for cash, and made by experienced and competent hands, and as the present *monetary troubles render it necessary* that I should dispose of my goods at very small advance on cost.

I am satisfied that it will be to the interests of those who design purchasing, to give me a call.

☞ Recollect, the name, number and street: John Farrira, (New Fur Store,) 718 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE.

1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

This Institute completed its 8 years past, in this city, by MADAME CHEGARAY and her niece MADAME D'HERVILLY, upon the same principles as the one in New York, established there in the year 1854, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 16th, with its usual ample and complete provision for the education of Young Ladies, under the direction of Madame D'Hervilly. Circulars, and all requisite information, can be obtained on application to the Principal.

August 13, 1861.-3m.

FOR EVERYBODY.

TRY THE NEW STORE,

On Hill Street opposite Carmen's Store.

THE BEST

SUGAR and MOLASSES,

COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,

FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,

CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,

SPICES OF THE BEST KINDS,

and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store.

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty.

BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.

ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,

and a large number of articles too numerous to mention.

The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, May 25, 1858.

SOUND ON THE

BOOT & SHOE QUESTION.

LEVI WESTBROOK

Has just opened the best assortment of Goods in his line, ever brought to Huntingdon. His stock of BOOTS and SHOES for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children, comprises all the latest fashions, and manufactured of the best materials.

Also, a fine assortment of HATS for men, Boys and Children. HOSE in great *variety for Gentlemen*, Ladies, Misses and Children. CARPET BAGS, SUSPENDERS, GARTERS, FANS, &c., &c.

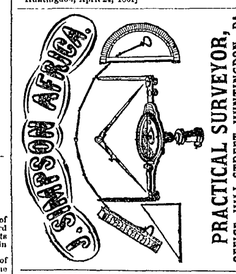
ALSO,

SOLE-LEATHER, CALF SKINS, MOROCCO, LASTS and SHOE-FINDINGS generally.

Thankful for past favors, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited.

N. B.—Boots and Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen, repaired and made to order.

Huntingdon, April 24, 1861]



THE NEW STORE

AND

NEW GOODS.

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

Have just received another stock of new goods, such as

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &C.,

in the store room at the south-east corner of the Diamond in the borough of Huntingdon.

Their Stock has been carefully selected, and will be sold low for *cash or country produce.*

Huntingdon, April 15, 1861.

BOOTS & SHOES!

ANEW STOCK.

FOR

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEVI WESTBROOK'S STORE.

All in want of Boots and Shoes, for old or young, are requested to call and examine my stock.

L. WESTBROOK,

Huntingdon, May 3, 1861.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

H. T. WHITE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Jan. 2, 1861-tf.

UNION ENVELOPES AND PAPER

FOR SALE AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

Medical Advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, age, occupation, habits of life, &c., and in cases of extreme poverty, Medicines furnished free of charge.

Valuable Reports on Spermatorrhœa and other Diseases of the Sexual System, and on the new Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors,

EZRA D. HARTWELL, *President.*

GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary.*

Dec. 19, 1860.-1y.

ALEXANDRIA FOUNDRY.—

ROGER C. McGILL, manufacturer of all kinds of castings, forge and rolling mill, grist and saw mill, thrashing machine, sled and sleigh shoes, vagon boxes, stoves of various kinds, kettles, plough shears to suit all kinds of ploughs; also, car wheels and railroad work, and has a new and improved plough that renders satisfaction to all farmers that have used them. I will keep all kinds of plough shears and ploughs at Mooers, Bigler & McMurtrie's, Huntingdon, and at Mr. George Ely's, Mill Creek, and will fill all orders promptly. The farmers will save money by getting shears and ploughs of MCGILL, at the foundry head-quarters, the place to buy cheap. All kinds of produce, old metal and lumber, taken in exchange.—Bring the pay and save ten per cent.

R. C. McGILL.

Alexandria, March 7, 1860.

CALL at the new CLOTHING STORE

of GUTMAN & CO., if you want a good article of Clothing. Store room to Long's new building, in the Diamond, Huntingdon

Sept. 9, 1857.

CARPET Sacks and Fancy Baskets at

D. P. GWIN'S.

BLANK BOOKS,

OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

NEW AIR LINE ROUTE TO NEW YORK.

SHORTEST IN DISTANCE AND QUICKEST IN TIME

BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES OF NEW YORK AND HARRISBURG! VIA READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.

MORNING EXPRESS, West, leaves New York at 6 A. M. arriving at Harrisburg at 12.45 noon, only 6¾ hours between the two cities.

MAIL LINE leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.30 P. M.

MORNING MAIL LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 8.00 A. M., arriving at New York at 4.30 P. M.

AFTERNOON EXPRESS LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 P. M., arriving at New York at 9.00 P. M.

Connections are made at Harrisburg at 1.00 P. M., with the Passenger Trains in each direction on the Pennsylvania, Cumberland Valley and Northern Central Railroad.

All trains connect at Reading with trains for Pottsville and Philadelphia, and at Allentown for Manch Chunk, Easton, &c.

No change of Passenger Cars or Baggage between New York and Harrisburg, by the 6.00 A. M. line from New York or the 1.15 P. M. from Harrisburg.

For beauty of scenery, add speed, comfort and accommodation, this route presents superior inducements to the travelling public.

Fare between New York and Harrisburg five dollars.—For tickets and other information apply to

J. J. CLYDE, General Agent, Harrisburg.

July 18, 1860.

STATIONERY and JEWELRY

PACKAGES,

For sale to agents and dealers at very reduced rates put up in variety envelopes. For further information Address (Up-stairs) COLEMAN & CO., 802 Chestnut St., Phila.

June 4, 1861.

COAL OIL!! COAL OIL!!!

James A. Brown sells the *genuine* "PORTLAND KEROSENE," or COAL OIL, *clear as water.*

This is the only kind of oil that gives *entire satisfaction* as an agent for light.

Beware of counterfeits and colored carbon oils. They emit an offensive smell and smoke.

A large variety also of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

Chimneys, Globes, Wicks, Burners, Shades, &c., &c., sold at the very lowest prices, at the Hardware Store, Huntingdon, Pa.

NEW CIGAR AND TOBACCO

STORE. J. A. HANIGAR,

A practical tobacconist, has opened a new TOBACCO STORE AND CIGAR MANUFACTORY, on Allegheny St., one door west of the Broad Top Railroad Office, where he has on hand a large assortment of prime Cigars and Tobacco, which he will sell either wholesale or retail. Storekeepers, shopkeepers, and all others who deal in the weed should call. His prices are low. Call and see.

Huntingdon, Nov. 7, 1860.

READY RECKONER.

A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables, containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

RHEUMATISM CURED.

Mr. JOHN WESTBROOK, Sr., manufactures a LINIMENT which is sure to cure Rheumatism. No cure, no pay. Persons afflicted should call and try the medicine. Call at residence in Washington street, one door west of Levi Westbrook.

Huntingdon, March 20, 1861.

NOTICE TO ALL!!

The subscriber, who has for more than one year, carried on business in company with Messrs. F. BRANDT, H. GIST, P. WINTER, and Mr. LADER BIER, has this day *dissolved partnership with the above firm!* All claims against the old firm will be paid by the subscriber, and all those indebted to the firm will pay him.

CLOCKS, WATCHES and *JEWELRY* will always be repaired. A good stock of CLOCKS, WATCHES and JEWELRY will be kept on hand for customers who may favor him with a call.

JOSEPH BEIGGER.

Huntingdon, March 2, 1859.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
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Nov. 28, 1860 JAS. PAGE.

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Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1860.

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